# GEED Day 2: Project Cycle Management

### The Project Cycle and GEED

Does it include Planning base: disaggregated inputs from Concept excluded data? groups? Inception/ planning Governance Promotion of and workplace management diversity? Monitoring, reporting, Implementation and evaluation Suitable methods to reach Results or excluded groups? Their Impact-Oriented active participation? & disaggregated



#### The Project Cycle and GEED

- Managing and steering the Project Cycle with a diversified workforce! (Part I)
- Planning: Ensure disaggregated data available about women's and men's needs and priorities, especially from different ethnic groups and according to different locations. (Part II)
- Implementation: Women and men—especially from ethnic groups—actively participate on equal terms. (Part III)
- Results/benefits must be created for all, but more emphasis on benefits for those who are poorer and excluded (ex. women of ethnic groups). (Part IV) GEED, Day 2, 52

# Part I Workplace Diversity



## What is Workplace Diversity?

No exclusion of potential staff based on different aspects of their identity (ref. Lao Labour Law)

- □ Gender
- □ Ethnicity or Race
- Religion
- □ Class or Economic Status
- Disability of any kind
- No exclusion of staff for promotions based on identity.
- "Affirmative action" or special measures.
- Capacity building/training for women and ethnic groups to be able to "catch up."

### Workplace Diversity: Survey Results

SDC Results' Summary:\*

Table 1: Overall Staff Profile						
Ethnic group	Female (N) **	Male (N)	Total (N)	% of Staff in SDC supported projects	% of Lao Population (2005)	% of Difference (Representation and Lao Population 2005)
Tai-Kadai	301	1104	1405	86.1	64.9	+21.2
Mon-Khmer	33	134	167	10.2	22.6	-12.4
Sino-Tibetan	1	8	9	0.6	2.9	-2.3
Hmong-Mien	6	45	51	3.1	8.5	-5.4
Others	0	0	0	0.0	1.1	-1.1
Total	341	1291	1632	100.0	100	-

\*Note: Tai-Kadai ethno-linguistic group more usually referred to as Lao-Tai (non-Lao-Tai groups = 14% of total/ non-Lao-Tai women = 2.4%)

\*\*Female staff (50% of Lao population, 21% in SDC-supported projects)

#### Workplace Diversity: Survey Results

JVC Unofficial Results' Summary: (names of organisations removed, as unofficial)

Name/	Hmong-	Lao-Tai	Mon-	no data	Sino-	Grand	% non-Lao-Tai
Acronym	Mien	Lao-Tai	Khmer	no data	Tibetan	Total	% non-Lao-Tai Groups
		la tama di ana					
			Non-Governmental Or	ganizations (INGOs		0.4	
1	3	69	18		1	91	24.2%
2		10			4	14	28.6%
3		6				6	0.0%
4		16		1		17	0.0%
5		3	6			9	66.7%
6	11	28	3		2	44	
							36.4%
7	2	59	4			65	9.2%
8		6	4			10	40.0%
9		18	1			19	5.3%
10		53	1		3	57	7.0%
11	16	24	3		4	47	48.9%
12	9	65	3		1	78	16.7%
13	2	35	4			41	14.6%
Sub-Total:	43	392	47	1	15	498	21%
Percentage	8.6%	78.7%	9.4%	0.2%	3.0%	38% = women 6% = non-Lao	
			vil Society Organization	ns (CSOs)			
1		39	2			41	4.9%
2	1					1	100.0%
3	2	8				10	20.0%
4		10	1			11	9.1%
Sub-total:	3	57	3			63	9.5%
Percentage:	4.8%	90.5%	4.8%				
Grand Total	46	449	50	1	15	561	



### GEED and Workplace Diversity

Plenary Discussion and Brainstorming:

- 1. Is GE easier to promote than ED in the Workplace? Why? Why not??
- 2. Are there different measures to promote GE and ED in the workplace? Same measures?

# Instruments/Tools and GEED: Through the Project Cycle with a Practical Case Study



A new Health Centre!

Very good achievement!

Let's assess this case study based on GEED and Social Inclusion . . .





# Instruments/Tools and GEED: Part II PLANNING

Planning takes place at different levels and with different time scales:

- □ National Strategic plans (5 years);
- Ministerial Strategic plans (5 years with longterm vision);
- □ Sector and Master Plans;
- □ Action and Annual Plans (ex. Gender Action Plan);
- □ Budgeting.

Planning is based on policies & information:

- □ Baselines (primary and secondary data);
- Quantitative and Qualitative data from special studies;
- □ Large scale statistical data sets (ex. Census).

## GEED Planning: SWOT Analysis

	HELPFUL (for your objective)	HARMFUL (for your objective)
INTERNAL (within organisation)	Strengths	Weaknesses
EXTERNAL (outside organisation)	Opportunities	Threats · · · · · ·



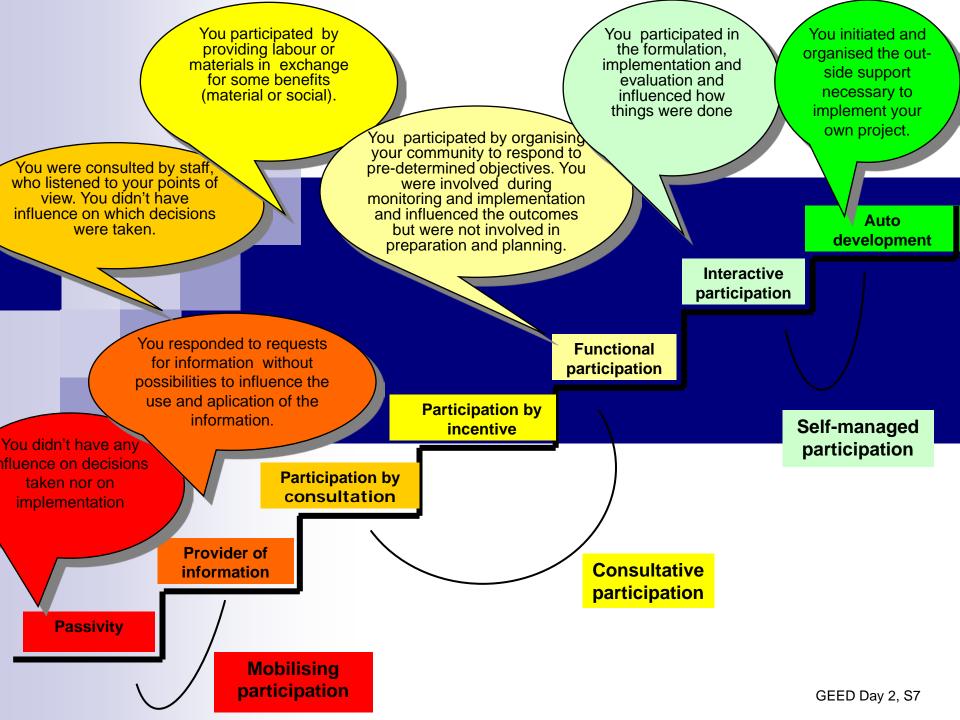
# Instruments/Tools and GEED: Part III IMPLEMENTATION

- "Implementation" encompasses many aspects of project and service delivery (depending on the project type);
- Focus on Participation: "Participation is a process through which women and men of all socioeconomic and cultural groups influence and share control over development initiatives, decisions and resources which affect them."

#### This means:

Women's and men's active participation must be facilitated and supported, no matter what group they are from.

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# Instruments/Tools and GEED: Part III IMPLEMENTATION cont'd.

#### Plenary Discussion & Brainstorming:

What methods can we use to conduct more participatory and inclusive consultations?

How can we assist local level authorities (district and below) to consider and represent all the diversity of the areas?



# Instruments/Tools and GEED: Part IV RESULTS/IMPACT-Oriented M&E

#### Plenary Discussion & Brainstorming:

Let's return to Ban Sayhouylad HC!

If we wanted to conduct a more GEED-specific and Results-Based Monitoring, what would we need to know?

Followed by Groupwork on similar question:

"What type of monitoring should we do to know in our sector or project(s) how people of different groups are accessing and benefiting from services?"