AMultisectoral Food and Nutrition Security ction Plan (FNS-AP) - Progress and Update -

Presentation to the Sector Working Group on Agriculture and Rural Development March 12, 2014

Presented by Dr. Bounthom Phengy

Director Nutrition Center, Department of Hygiene and Health Promotion Secretariat of the National Nutrition Committee Ministry of Health - LAO PDR

SWG-ARD / Vientiane / March 12, 2014

Outline of the Presentation

* Background - Milestones
* Main principles and approach
* Institutional arrangements
* Current status and way forward
* Challenges and discussion

Background - Milestones

- * **2013 MDG Report for Lao PDR** => nutrition related targets are seriously off-track
- * June 2013: Luang Namtha Provincial Consultation => Need for a Multi-Sectoral FNS-AP to accelerate progress toward MDG 1
- * July 2013: The National Nutrition Committee (NNC) is established to oversee the design, implementation and monitoring of the FNS-AP in July 2013 (PM Office/Ref.73).
 - The NNC is chaired by the Deputy Prime Minister, H.E. Asang Laoly and includes reps. of 7 ministries (agriculture, health, education, finance, industry, planning, culture and information), the National Commission for Women and Children and mass organizations
 - The NNC secretariat is chaired by the MoH and co-chaired by the MAF and the MPI
- * Aug-Nov 2013: The FNS-AP is developed
- * **Nov 2013 HL RTM**: the FNS-AP is presented and the Government approves the proposed principle of the convergence and announces its support to this plan
- * Since Nov 2013: Multi stakeholders' consultation and planning to prepare implementation

Main principles and approach

* Prioritization of Interventions

- Identifies a smaller, initial number of the most vulnerable districts for priority support
- Identifies fewer, more manageable number of priority interventions (reduced from 99 in National Nutrition Strategy)
 - * Health: 11 Priority interventions
 - * Education: 5 Priority Interventions
 - * WASH: 3 Priority Interventions

Agriculture: 5 Priority Interventions

- =>home garden, small livestock, animal vaccination post harvest, IGA & NTFP (focus on Women)
- * **Convergence** means to implement the full range of high priority interventions from 3 sectors in all target areas, simultaneously

* Implementation approach

- * Alignment / Consistency with existing strategies and policies
- National Nutrition Policy, NSEDP, SUN Initiative, MAF Strategy to 2020, Sam Sang...
- * *Multi Sectoral* planning, capacity building, monitoring and evaluation / *Sectoral* implementation

Government Nutrition Policies and Strategic Frameworks



Institutional Arrangements

Proposed by the GoL on the 17th of January 2014



Remarks / Comments

- Need to link various forums, Improve Consistency, Coherence of Communication and Policy Dialogue.
- Incorporate the SUN Mechanism and Secretariat
- **DPs core group on Nutrition** should improve dialogue and coordination with the GoL Core group
- Need to better articulate the links to already existing sector coordination mechanism
 - Sector Working Groups (ARD, Health, Education...)
 - Sub Sector Working Groups

Current status and way forward Highlights

- * **Geographic focus**: MoH/secretariat prioritized 26 priority districts in 7 provinces for convergent action, but the phasing/sequencing and the pace of implementation will depend on available resources
- * For initial implementation, the following zones have been pre-identified :
 - Oudomxay: Pak beng and Hoon
 - Saravanh: Ta-oy and Lao ngam
 - * Luangnamtha: Viengphoukha and Nalae
- * The coverage and intervention modalities need to be clarified in all sectors
- * Note on ARD interventions (to be discussed by the ARD Sector): all villages of the target zones are likely to be covered, however the % of coverage of HHs at village level will depend on activities
- * Additional resource needs to be (re)allocated in order to reach the target in terms of coverage

Target provinces and districts, 2014-2015

Province	District
Luangnamtha	Sing; Long; Nalae; Viengphoukha
Oudomxay	Baeng; Nga ; Pakbeng; Hoon
Salavanh	Laognam; Samoi; Ta-oi
Phongsaly	Nyot-ou; Samphanh; Mai
Huaphanh	Xam-Tai; Huamuang; Viengthong; Sopbao; Xiengkor
Xiengkhuang	Khoun; Phoukod; Nonghaed; Kham
Xekong	Dackcheung; Kaleum; Lamarm
7 Provinces	26 Districts

SWG-ARD / Vientiane / March 12, 2014

Current status and way forward Next steps

- Mapping current interventions & resource, micro planning (should involve the districts) and estimation of the financial gap
- * Develop a common approach/tools/guidelines
- Proceed in a phased/sequenced manner because of limited resources and capacities and of the innovative approach of convergence, learn lessons, adapt the approach and replicate to other areas
- * A central level support team should be established
- Formal/written communication by the NNC to the provinces and districts on the final content and geographic focus/scope of the FNS-AP and roles/responsibilities of local authorities
- * **DPs** will provide technical, logistic and financial support for the organization of micro planning meetings in the districts within available budgets

Challenges and discussion (1)

Multi Sectoral coordination challenges		
Identified challenges	Proposed solutions for discussion	
NNC Secretariat Leadership and	Clarify roles and responsibilities	
Capacity	Have a decree signed by DPM and formally disseminated	
	Better articulate linkages NNC secretariat / Health TWG	
	Allocated human and financial resource for the work of secretariat	
	Request and provide Technical Assistance for specific support required	
Limited incentives & capacity	Clarify the roles, performance indicators/targets and reporting	
of Ministries for multi sectoral	obligations of line ministries to the NNC	
coordination	Initially prioritize engagement and promoting linkages b/w MoH, MAF	
coordination	and MPI; develop a strategy for MoES engagement	
Limited linkages between	Improve conceptual clarity and linkages; clearly communicate	
coordination forums and	Ensure linkages through the same responsible Government officials	
networks relevant for FNS	Discuss Multi Sectoral issues in different forums	
DPs' limited contribution to GoL	Better organize Development Partners community	
decision making processes	Link together the donor network, the UN network and NGOs network	

Challenges and discussion (2)

Multi Sectoral implementation challenges

Identified challenges	Proposed solutions for discussion
Create more incentives for the Governors to take on and implement convergence plan	Develop a clear communication package for Provinces/Districts Clarify roles, performance indicators/targets and reporting duties to the NNC in reference to the convergent / FNS-AP
Clarify mechanism for multi- Sectoral coordination and M&E at subnational level	Prepare and organize a structured, participatory discussion at provincial and district level to discuss practical options for multisectoral coordination, monitoring and reviews in convergent districts
Limited operational experience in the area of convergent implementation	Develop a Road Map for implementation and regularly review it Start small, capture learning, adapt the method as convergent approach is being taken to other districts Regular Multi Sectoral monitoring and reviews, exchanges/communication between central / local level
Diverging views b/w Gov and DPs on how to operationalize	Continue the dialogue and get consensus of the best possible technical and political solution
Resources to implement the Plan	Clarify gaps at district level, mobilize GoL and DPs available resource Use multi Sectoral convergent approach to inform: - the Government planning and budgeting for the next fiscal year - the development of new programmes and projects supported by DPs

Challenges and discussion (3)

Multi Sectoral monitoring and evaluation challenges		
Identified challenges	Proposed solutions for discussion	
Limited capacity of the secretariat	Develop a multi sectoral monitoring framework and implementation plan Develop an evaluation plan for convergent action Engage with DPs for specific technical assistance	
Overstretched capacity of Lao Bureau of Statistics	Involve Lao Bureau of Statistics only for critical functions (which cannot be provided by other actors) Consider alternative options for data collection, entry, etc.	
Limited Financial Resource	Prioritize and mobilize additional resources to this area as needed	

THANK YOU

Questions / Discussion